# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION 

Washington, D.C. 20549

## FORM 10-Q

■

## QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended April 2, 2005
OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from $\qquad$ to $\qquad$
Commission File Number 1-15583

## DELTA APPAREL, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)


2750 Premiere Parkway, Suite 100
Duluth, Georgia 30097
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)
(678) 775-6900
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
(Not Applicable)
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes $\downarrow$ No $\square$.
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

$$
\text { Yes } \square \text { No } \nabla \text {. }
$$

As of April 26, 2005, there were outstanding 4,230,931 shares of the registrant's common stock (prior to adjustment to reflect the 2 -for- 1 stock split that will be effective as of May 31, 2005), par value of $\$ 0.01$, which is the only class of the outstanding common or voting stock of the registrant.

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## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)

## DELTA APPAREL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

## (in thousands, except shares and per share amounts) (Unaudited)



| Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current liabilities: |  |  |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$ 42,059 | \$ 30,511 |
| Income taxes payable | 4,729 | 1,793 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | 18,803 | 20,810 |
| Total current liabilities | 65,591 | 53,114 |
| Long-term debt | 17,288 | 29,246 |
| Other liabilities | 2,930 | 11,527 |
| Total liabilities | 85,809 | 93,887 |
| Stockholders' equity: |  |  |
| Preferred stock-2,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding. | - | - |
| Common stock *-par value $\$ .01$ a share, $15,000,000$ shares authorized, $9,646,972$ shares issued, and $8,461,862$ and 8,272,518 shares outstanding as of April 2, 2005 and July 3, 2004, respectively. | 96 | 96 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 53,867 | 53,867 |
| Retained earnings | 36,012 | 29,425 |
| Treasury stock *-1,185,110 and 1,374,454 shares as of April 2, 2005 and July 3, 2004, respectively. | $(6,808)$ | $(7,896)$ |
| Total stockholders' equity | 83,167 | 75,492 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 168,976 | \$169,379 |

* Adjusted to reflect 2-for-1 stock split effective as of May 31, 2005

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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## DELTA APPAREL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income

## (in thousands, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

|  | Three Months Ended |  |  |  | Nine Months Ended |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { April 2, } \\ 2005 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { March 27, } \\ & \quad 2004 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\underset{2005}{2 \text { April 2, }}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { March 27, } \\ \quad 2004 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Net sales |  | \$ 58,272 |  | \$ 58,805 |  | \$161,767 |  | \$135,230 |
| Cost of goods sold |  | 43,528 |  | 44,374 |  | 124,631 |  | 107,807 |
| Gross profit |  | 14,744 |  | 14,431 |  | 37,136 |  | 27,423 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses |  | 10,392 |  | 8,879 |  | 26,932 |  | 20,085 |
| Other (income) expense |  | $(3,616)$ |  | 20 |  | $(3,612)$ |  | (29) |
| Operating income |  | 7,968 |  | 5,532 |  | 13,816 |  | 7,367 |
| Interest expense, net |  | 679 |  | 799 |  | 2,217 |  | 1,846 |
| Income before income taxes |  | 7,289 |  | 4,733 |  | 11,599 |  | 5,521 |
| Income tax expense |  | 1,844 |  | 920 |  | 3,556 |  | 1,211 |
| Net income |  | \$ 5,445 |  | \$ 3,813 |  | \$ 8,043 |  | \$ 4,310 |
| Earnings per share * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic |  | \$ 0.65 |  | \$ 0.47 |  | 0.97 |  | \$ 0.53 |
| Diluted |  | \$ 0.64 |  | \$ 0.46 |  | 0.95 |  | \$ 0.52 |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding * |  | 8,376 |  | 8,178 |  | 8,316 |  | 8,130 |
| Dilutive effect of stock options * |  | 182 |  | 198 |  | 164 |  | 194 |
| Weighted average number of shares assuming dilution* |  | 8,558 |  | 8,376 |  | 8,480 |  | 8,324 |
| Cash dividends declared per common share * |  | \$ 0.035 |  | \$ 0.030 |  | \$ 0.105 |  | \$ 0.090 |

* Adjusted to reflect 2-for-1 stock split effective as of May 31, 2005

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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## DELTA APPAREL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

## (in thousands)

## (Unaudited)

|  | Nine Months Ended |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { April2 2, } \\ & 2005 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { March 27, } \\ 2004 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Operating activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Net income |  | 8,043 |  | 4,310 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation |  | 3,285 |  | 3,367 |
| Deferred income taxes |  | $(3,125)$ |  | $(1,443)$ |
| Gain (loss) on sale of property and equipment |  | $(3,538)$ |  | 10 |
| Noncash compensation |  | 1,742 |  | 1,144 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts receivable |  | 3,224 |  | $(1,008)$ |
| Inventories |  | 684 |  | $(10,679)$ |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets |  | $(2,784)$ |  | 815 |
| Other noncurrent assets |  | 1,732 |  | 1,923 |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses |  | 9,865 |  | 24 |
| Income taxes |  | 2,936 |  | 1,779 |
| Other liabilities |  | $(8,597)$ |  | 659 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities |  | 13,467 |  | 901 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Investing activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Purchases of property, plant and equipment |  | $(8,979)$ |  | $(1,345)$ |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment |  | 9,796 |  | 4 |
| Cash paid for business, net of cash received |  | - |  | $(51,250)$ |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities |  | 817 |  | $(52,591)$ |
| Financing activities: |  |  |  |  |
| (Repayment of) proceeds from Soffe revolving credit facility, net |  | $(2,190)$ |  | 24,743 |
| Proceeds from long-term debt |  | 41,302 |  | 36,099 |
| Repayment of long-term debt |  | $(53,077)$ |  | $(8,517)$ |
| Repurchase of common stock |  | - |  | (148) |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options |  | 447 |  | 371 |
| Dividends paid |  | (874) |  | (733) |
| Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities |  | $(14,392)$ |  | 51,815 |
| (Decrease) increase in cash |  | (108) |  | 125 |
| Cash at beginning of period |  | 333 |  | 203 |
| Cash at end of period |  | 225 |  | 328 |
| Supplemental cash flow information: |  |  |  |  |
| Cash paid during the period for interest |  | 1,829 |  | 1,306 |
| Cash paid during the period for income taxes | \$ | 4,917 |  | 874 |
| Noncash financing activity-issuance of common stock | \$ | 59 |  | $\underline{37}$ |

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

## DELTA APPAREL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

## Note A-Basis of Presentation

We prepared the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with the instructions for Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. We believe these condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation. Operating results for the three and nine months ended April 2, 2005 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending July 2, 2005. For more information regarding our results of operations and financial position refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes included in our Form 10-K for the year ended July 3, 2004, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.
"Delta Apparel," the "Company," and "we," "us" and "our" are used interchangeably to refer to Delta Apparel, Inc. together with our wholly-owned subsidiary, M. J. Soffe Co. ("M. J. Soffe", or "Soffe"), and our other subsidiaries, as appropriate to the context.

## Note B-Accounting Policies

Our accounting policies are consistent with those described in our Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in our Form 10-K for the year ended July 3, 2004 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

## Note C—New Accounting Standards

On December 16, 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Statement No. 123 (revised 2004), Share-Based Payment, which is a revision of FASB Statement No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation. Statement $123 \circledR$ supersedes APB Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and amends FASB Statement No. 95, Statements of Cash Flows. Generally, the approach in Statement $123 \circledR$ is similar to the approach described in Statement 123. However, Statement $123 ®$ requires all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, to be recognized in the income statement based on their fair values. Pro forma disclosure is no longer an alternative.

Statement $123 ®$ must be adopted for annual periods beginning after June 15, 2005. Statement $123 ®$ applies to new awards and to awards modified, repurchased, or cancelled after the required effective date, as well as to the unvested portion of awards outstanding as of the required effective date ("modified prospective application"). We expect to adopt Statement $123 ®$ on July 3, 2005. We are currently evaluating the effect that the adoption of Statement $123 ®$ will have on our financial position and results of operations (see Note H).

In March 2005, the Securities and Exchange Commission released SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") No. 107, Share-Based Payment. SAB No. 107 provides the SEC staff's position regarding the implementation of Statement $123 ®$. SAB No. 107 contains interpretive guidance related to the interaction between Statement $123 ®$ and certain SEC rules and regulations, as well as provides the staff's views regarding the valuation of share-based payment transactions. We are currently evaluating the effects that the adoption of SAB No. 107 will have on our financial position and will be incorporating it as part of our adoption of Statement $123 ®$.

## Note D-Selling, General and Administrative Expense

We include in selling, general and administrative expenses, costs incurred subsequent to the receipt of finished goods at our distribution facilities, such as the cost of stocking, warehousing, picking and packing, and shipping goods for delivery to our customers. For the third quarter of fiscal years 2005 and 2004, distribution costs included in selling, general and administrative expenses totaled $\$ 2.3$ million and $\$ 2.0$ million, respectively. For the first nine months of fiscal years 2005 and 2004, distribution costs included in selling, general and administrative expenses totaled $\$ 6.2$ million and $\$ 5.2$ million, respectively. The Soffe segment was included in our results beginning on October 3, 2004. In addition, selling, general and administrative expenses include costs related to sales associates, administrative personnel cost, advertising and marketing expenses and general and administrative expenses.

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## Note E-Inventories

Inventories consist of the following:

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { April 2, } \\ 2005 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | July 3, 2004 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw materials | \$ 4,578 | \$ 5,406 |
| Work in process | 23,485 | 26,540 |
| Finished goods | 77,141 | 73,942 |
|  | \$105,204 | \$ 105,888 |

Raw materials at July 3, 2004 included raw cotton for the Delta segment and finished yarn for the Soffe segment. In addition, it included direct materials for both segments. On December 27, 2004, we sold our entire inventory located at our yarn manufacturing facility in Edgefield, South Carolina to Parkdale (see Note M). Prior to the sale, raw cotton was the primary raw material in the Delta segment. Subsequent to the sale, finished yarn became our primary raw material in both the Delta and Soffe segments. Therefore, raw materials at April 2, 2005 included finished yarn and direct materials for both the Delta and Soffe segments.

## Note F-Debt

The Soffe Facility contains both a subjective acceleration clause and a lockbox arrangement, whereby remittances from the customers reduce the current outstanding borrowings. Pursuant to Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") 95-22, we are classifying borrowings under the Soffe Facility as current debt. Borrowings under the Soffe Facility classified as current debt at April 2, 2005 and July 3, 2004 were $\$ 15.0$ million and $\$ 17.2$ million, respectively.

The Delta Facility contains a subjective acceleration clause and a "springing" lockbox arrangement (as defined in EITF 95-22), whereby remittances from customers are forwarded to our general bank account and do not reduce the outstanding debt until and unless a specified event or an event of default occurs. Pursuant to EITF 95-22, we are classifying borrowings under the Delta Facility as noncurrent debt.

On November 8, 2004, we amended the Delta Facility to increase our line of credit by an additional $\$ 2.75$ million to $\$ 42.75$ million.
In conjunction with the sale of our Edgefield yarn manufacturing plant, on January 6, 2005, we amended our Delta Facility to lower the Fixed Asset Loan Limit Amount from $\$ 10.0$ million to $\$ 5.0$ million.

## Note G-Income Taxes

Our effective income tax rate for the nine months ended April 2, 2005 was $30.7 \%$, compared to $32.4 \%$ for the fiscal year ended July 3, 2004. During the quarter ended April 2, 2005, we decided to permanently reinvest our foreign earnings in Honduras. Therefore, we reversed a $\$ 0.7$ million tax liability associated with the foreign earnings, resulting in the lower effective tax rate during the quarter ended April 2, 2005, which increased diluted earnings per share by approximately $\$ 0.08$ (adjusted to reflect the 2-for-1 stock split effective as of May 31, 2005). During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, we recorded a tax liability in the amount of approximately $\$ 0.9$ million with respect to our tax sharing agreement between Delta Woodside Industries, Inc. (our former parent company) and the Company. During the fiscal year ended July 3, 2004, we determined that it was no longer probable that a tax liability might occur as a result of this tax sharing agreement. Therefore, we reversed the $\$ 0.9$ million tax liability that had been created, resulting in the $32.4 \%$ effective tax rate during fiscal year 2004, which increased diluted earnings per share by approximately $\$ 0.11$ (adjusted to reflect the 2 -for-1 stock split effective as of May 31, 2005).

We acquired the stock of M. J. Soffe Co. on October 3, 2003. Soffe made an election under Section 338(g) of the Internal Revenue Code with respect to the purchase to treat the stock purchase as an asset purchase for Federal income tax purposes. Following the filing of our consolidated income tax return for the fiscal year ended 2004, which includes the initial year of Soffe, we identified certain adjustments to the Soffe opening balance sheet tax basis of assets and liabilities and pursuant to Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") 93-7, Uncertainties Related to Income Taxes in a Purchase Combination, upon resolution of the uncertainties related to income taxes in a business combination, we appropriately recorded the adjustments related to the tax assets and liabilities in the quarter ended April 2, 2005. These adjustments resulted in an increase in deferred tax assets of $\$ 1.9$ million, an increase in taxes payable of $\$ 2.6$ million and a reduction in other liabilities of $\$ 0.7$ million.

## Note H—Stock Options and Incentive Stock Awards

We have elected to follow Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" and related Interpretations in accounting for our employee stock options because the alternative fair value accounting provided for under Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS 123"), requires use of option valuation

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models that were not developed for use in valuing employee stock options.
Pro forma information regarding net income and earnings per share is required by SFAS 123 to be determined as if we had accounted for our employee stock options under the fair value method of that Statement. For purposes of pro forma disclosures, the estimated fair value of the options under the Option Plan and the Award Plan are amortized to expense over the options' vesting period. Our pro forma information follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):

|  | Three Months Ended |  |  |  | Nine Months Ended |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { April 2, } \\ 2005 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 27, } \\ \hline 2004 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { April 2, } \\ 2005 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 27, } \\ \quad 2004 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Net income, as reported | \$ | 5,445 | \$ | 3,813 | \$ | 8,043 | \$ | 4,310 |
| Add: Stock-based employee compensation expense included in reported net income, net of related tax effects |  | 391 |  | 218 |  | 695 |  | 504 |
| Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all options and awards, net of related tax effects |  | (263) |  | (112) |  | (730) |  | (326) |
| Pro forma net income | \$ | 5,573 | \$ | 3,919 | \$ | 8,008 | \$ | 4,488 |
| Earnings per share *: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic-as reported | \$ | 0.65 | \$ | 0.47 | \$ | 0.97 | \$ | 0.53 |
| Basic-pro forma | \$ | 0.67 | \$ | 0.48 | \$ | 0.96 | \$ | 0.55 |
| Diluted-as reported | \$ | 0.64 | \$ | 0.46 | \$ | 0.95 | \$ | 0.52 |
| Diluted-pro forma | \$ | 0.65 | \$ | 0.47 | \$ | 0.94 | \$ | 0.54 |

* Adjusted to reflect 2-for-1 stock split effective as of May 31, 2005


## Note I—Purchase Contracts

We have entered into agreements, and have fixed prices, to purchase yarn and finished apparel products for use in our manufacturing operations. At April 2, 2005, minimum payments under these contracts to purchase yarn and finished apparel products with non-cancelable contract terms were $\$ 28.2$ million and $\$ 1.6$ million, respectively.

## Note J-Computation of Basic and Diluted Net Earnings per Share (EPS)

We compute basic net earnings per share by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The computation of diluted earnings per share includes the dilutive effect of stock options and non-vested stock awards granted under our Stock Option Plan and our Incentive Stock Award Plan.

The weighted average shares do not include securities that would be anti-dilutive for each of the periods presented.

## Note K—Stockholders' Equity

## Stock Repurchase Program

We have authorization from our Board of Directors to spend up to an aggregate of $\$ 6.0$ million for share repurchases under the Stock Repurchase Program. All purchases are made at the discretion of our management. We did not purchase shares of our common stock during the three months ended April 2, 2005. Since the inception of the Stock Repurchase Program, we have purchased 736,114 shares (adjusted to reflect the 2-for-1 stock split effective as of May 31, 2005) of our common stock pursuant to the program for an aggregate purchase price of $\$ 4.2$ million.

## Quarterly Dividend Program

On January 20, 2005, our Board of Directors declared a cash dividend of seven cents per share of common stock (prior to adjustment to reflect the 2 -for-1 stock split effective as of May 31, 2005) pursuant to our quarterly dividend program. We paid the dividend on February 28, 2005 to

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shareholders of record as of the close of business on February 16, 2005. On April 21, 2005, our Board declared a cash dividend of four cents per share of common stock payable after the stock split (eight cents per share of common stock prior to the 2 -for- 1 stock split) on May 31, 2005 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on May 18, 2005. Although the Board may terminate or amend the program at any time, we currently expect to continue the quarterly dividend program.

## Note L-Segment Reporting

We operate our business in two distinct segments: Delta and Soffe. Although the two segments are similar in their production processes and regulatory environment, they are distinct in their economic characteristics, products and distribution methods.

The Delta segment manufactures, markets and distributes unembellished knit apparel under the brands of "Delta Pro Weight $\mathbb{}$ ", "Delta Magnum Weight ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ " and "Quail Hollow" ${ }^{\text {TM }}$." The products are primarily sold to screen printing companies. In addition, products are manufactured under private labels for retailers, corporate industry programs and sports licensed apparel marketers.

The Soffe segment manufactures, markets and distributes embellished and unembellished knit apparel under the "Soffe®" label. The products are sold through specialty sporting goods stores and department stores. In addition to these retail channels, Soffe also supplies college bookstores and produces activewear products for the U.S. Military.

Corporate and Unallocated is a reconciling category for reporting purposes and includes intercompany eliminations and other costs that are not allocated to the operating segments.

Our management evaluates performance and allocates resources based on profit or loss from operations before interest, income taxes and special charges ("Segment Operating Income"). Our Segment Operating Income may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies. The accounting policies of our reportable segments are the same as those described in Note A. Intercompany transfers between operating segments are transacted at cost and eliminated in consolidation.

Information about our operations as of and for the three months ended April 2, 2005 and March 27, 2004, by operating segment, is as follows (in thousands):
$\left.\begin{array}{lrrrrrr} & & & & \begin{array}{c}\text { Corporate and } \\ \text { Unallocated }\end{array} & \text { Consolidated }\end{array}\right]$

Information about our operations as of and for the nine months ended April 2, 2005 and March 27, 2004, by operating segment, is as follows (in thousands). The results for the nine months ended March 27, 2004 include six months of operations from M. J. Soffe Co., which was acquired on October 3, 2003.

|  | Delta | Soffe | Corporate and Unallocated |  | Consolidated |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fiscal Year 2005: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | \$ 103,488 | \$ 60,597 | \$ | $(2,318)$ |  | 161,767 |
| Segment operating income | 7,997 | 6,055 |  | (236) |  | 13,816 |
| Fiscal Year 2004: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | \$ 95,701 | \$ 39,633 | \$ | (104) | \$ | 135,230 |
| Segment operating income | 3,743 | 3,539 |  | 85 |  | 7,367 |

The following reconciles the Segment Operating Income to the consolidated income before income taxes for the three and nine months ended April 2, 2005 and March 27, 2004.

|  | Three Months Ended |  |  |  | Nine Months Ended |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aprili } 2, \\ & 2005 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 27, } \\ 2004 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { April 2, } \\ 2005 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 27, } \\ 2004 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Segment operating income | \$ | 7,968 | \$ | 5,532 |  | \$ 13,816 | \$ | 7,367 |
| Unallocated interest expense |  | 679 |  | 799 |  | 2,217 |  | 1,846 |
| Consolidated income before taxes | \$ | 7,289 | \$ | 4,733 |  | \$ 11,599 | \$ | 5,521 |

## Note M—Sale of Yarn Manufacturing Plant

On January 5, 2005, we completed the sale of our yarn manufacturing plant in Edgefield, South Carolina to Parkdale America, LLC for $\$ 10$ million in cash. In conjunction with the sale transaction, we entered into a five-year agreement with Parkdale to supply our yarn requirements. During this five-year period, we will purchase exclusively from Parkdale all yarn required by Delta Apparel and our wholly owned subsidiary, M. J. Soffe Co., for use in our manufacturing operations (excluding yarns that Parkdale does not manufacture as of the date of the agreement in the ordinary course of its business). The purchase price of yarn will be based upon the cost of cotton plus a fixed conversion cost.

The sale of the Edgefield Plant resulted in a pre-tax financial gain of $\$ 3.6$ million, or estimated after-tax gain of $\$ 0.26$ per diluted share (adjusted to reflect 2-for-1 stock split effective as of May 31, 2005). This gain was recorded in the fiscal quarter ended April 2, 2005.

In conjunction with the sale of the yarn manufacturing plant, on January 6, 2005, we amended our Delta Facility to lower the Fixed Asset Loan Limit Amount from $\$ 10.0$ million to $\$ 5.0$ million.

## Note N—Termination of Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Program

Our Board of Directors resolved to terminate our nonqualified deferred compensation plans pursuant to the exit strategy guidelines of the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004. We expect to terminate the plans by fiscal year-end. During the quarter ended April 2, 2005, we reclassified $\$ 2.0$ million of cash surrender value of life insurance from Other Noncurrent Assets to Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets and $\$ 6.2$ million of nonqualified deferred compensation liability from Other Noncurrent Liabilities to Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses.

## Note O-Subsequent Event

On April 21, 2005, the Board of Directors approved a 2-for-1 stock split of our common stock. On May 31, 2005, shareholders of record on May 18, 2005 will receive one additional share of common stock for each share held of record. All references in the financial statements with regard to the number of shares or average number of shares of common stock and related prices, dividends and per share amounts have been restated to reflect the 2-for-1 stock split.

## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

## SAFE HARBOR STATEMENT UNDER THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995

The following discussion contains various "forward-looking statements". All statements, other than statements of historical fact, that address activities, events or developments that we expect or anticipate will or may occur in the future are forward-looking statements. Examples are statements that concern future revenues, future costs, future capital expenditures, business strategy, competitive strengths, competitive weaknesses, goals, plans, references to future success or difficulties and other similar information. The words "estimate", "project", "forecast", "anticipate", "expect", "intend", "believe" and similar expressions, and discussions of strategy or intentions, are intended to identify forward-looking statements.

The forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report are based on our expectations and are necessarily dependent upon assumptions, estimates and data that we believe are reasonable and accurate but may be incorrect, incomplete or imprecise. Forward-looking statements are also subject to a number of business risks and uncertainties, any of which could cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in or implied by the forward-looking statements. The risks and uncertainties include, among others, changes in the retail demand for apparel products, the cost of raw materials, competitive conditions in the apparel and textile industries, the relative strength of the United States dollar as against other currencies, changes in United States trade regulations and the discovery of unknown conditions (such as with respect to environmental matters and similar items) and other risks described from time to time in our reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, any forward-looking statements do not purport to be predictions of future events or circumstances and may not be realized.

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We do not undertake publicly to update or revise the forward-looking statements even if it becomes clear that any projected results will not be realized.

## BUSINESS OUTLOOK

Sales for our third quarter were $\$ 58.3$ million compared to $\$ 58.8$ million in the third quarter of last year. While net sales were down slightly compared to the prior year, we had a 330 basis point improvement in our gross margins from our second quarter of fiscal 2005 . We achieved the gross margin improvement through price increases in our core fashion apparel styles, a more favorable sales mix of higher margin goods, and through several key improvements to our manufacturing process, including running our facilities at a higher capacity and decreasing our off-quality production.

Revenue in the Delta business was $\$ 36.0$ million compared to $\$ 36.3$ million in the third quarter of the prior year. This slight decrease was primarily the result of a temporary reduction in distribution capacity due to the transition of our primary distribution center in Knoxville, Tennessee to a new facility in Clinton, Tennessee. In response to the lower capacity during the quarter, we curtailed sales of basic commodity tees, while we continued to grow sales of higher margin products. In addition, we increased our private label sales to $25 \%$ of our sales, from $12 \%$ of our sales in the prior year quarter. Operating income in the Delta business increased to $\$ 6.1$ million, or $16.8 \%$ of sales. Included in these results was the $\$ 3.6$ million gain on the sale of our yarn manufacturing facility in Edgefield, South Carolina. We closed on the sale of the Edgefield plant in January of this year.

While the transition to our new distribution center limited our shipping capacity during the third quarter, we are now fully functional and are seeing improvements in our distribution process. Our new distribution center in Clinton, Tennessee is a modern facility that should enable us to improve customer service and lower our variable distribution cost. Additionally, we are now shipping from our newest distribution center located in Cranbury, N.J. This facility will be shipping both Delta and Soffe products. This joint Delta-Soffe facility is a key enhancement to our operations and will provide our customers with a higher level of service, which we expect to result in an expansion of our customer base in the northeast United States.

Revenues in the Soffe business for the third quarter increased approximately $2 \%$ to $\$ 22.9$ million compared to the prior year quarter. In the quarter, we shipped approximately $\$ 1$ million of close-out products. While this impacted our gross margins for the quarter, it should improve our inventory utilization. Demand appears good for our expanded and improved Spring and Fall product offerings, and we will continue to focus on the growth of our Soffe brand.

In February 2005 we announced the closing of our Soffe sewing facility in Bladenboro, North Carolina, which ceased sewing production in April 2005. In addition, we have recently announced reductions to our sewing production in our Fayetteville, North Carolina facility, as we continue to transition our domestic sewing production to offshore facilities. We will, however, maintain appropriate levels of sewing production in the United States to support our military programs, which require domestic manufacturing. We will continue to evaluate opportunities to lower our manufacturing costs to improve our gross margins. During the quarter, we increased our manufacturing production in both the Delta and Soffe businesses. We expect to continue to increase our production levels through fiscal year 2006.

We are encouraged by the growth opportunities in all key segments of our business. With our new distribution centers now fully operational, we are able to provide improved service to our customers and offer one day shipping to an expanded portion of the U.S. population base. We are concentrating on expanding our distribution at higher price points with new product. Our management team is focused on making Soffe a leaner, more profitable operation and we are encouraged by initial sales demands for our new Spring and Fall products. Our manufacturing and process improvement teams continue to make strides in improving our manufacturing efficiencies and in lowering our production of off-quality merchandise. We believe that these initiatives will continue to make Delta Apparel a more competitive player in the global marketplace for activewear apparel.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net sales for the third quarter of fiscal year 2005 decreased $0.9 \%$ to $\$ 58.3$ million compared to $\$ 58.8$ million for the third quarter of the prior year. The sales decrease primarily resulted from a decrease in the Delta business, resulting from a $7.5 \%$ decrease in unit sales, partially offset by higher average selling prices. During the quarter, we transitioned from our primary distribution center in Knoxville, Tennessee to a new facilty in Clinton, Tennessee. This transition temporarily reduced our distribution capacity during the quarter, resulting in our decreased unit sales. Although pricing is still competitive in the marketplace, pricing on most styles was higher than in the prior year quarter reflecting increased raw material cost. The Soffe business contributed $\$ 22.9$ million in sales, a $1.6 \%$ increase from sales in the prior year's quarter. For the nine months ended April 2, 2005, net sales increased $19.6 \%$ to $\$ 161.8$ million compared to $\$ 135.2$ million in the prior year. The increase in sales was primarily the result of the Soffe sales in the first quarter of fiscal 2005, which accounted for $\$ 22.0$ million, as the acquisition of Soffe was completed on October 3, 2003.

Gross profit as a percentage of net sales increased to $25.3 \%$ in the third quarter of fiscal year 2005 from $24.5 \%$ in the third quarter of the prior year. The 80 basis point improvement in gross margins is primarily driven by higher prices in our core fashion apparel styles, increased volume

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of higher margin goods, and improvements to our manufacturing process. These improvements were partially offset by higher cost raw materials flowing through cost of sales, negatively impacting the quarter by approximately $\$ 1.5$ million compared to the prior year quarter. Gross margins in the Delta business improved as a result of a focused shift from sales of basic commodity tees to sales of higher margin products, in a response to our lower distribution capacity during the quarter. Gross margins in the Soffe business declined during the quarter. We shipped approximately $\$ 1$ million of close-out products from our Soffe business as a step to improve our inventory utilization, which impacted our gross margins during the quarter. Gross profit as a percentage of net sales increased to $23.0 \%$ in the first nine months of fiscal year 2005 from $20.3 \%$ in the same period of the prior year, resulting primarily from the higher gross profits associated with M. J. Soffe Co., which were included for six months in the first nine months of fiscal year 2004. Gross margins as a percentage of sales are higher in the Soffe segment than the Delta segment due to the higher average selling prices achieved on the branded products, partially offset by higher manufacturing costs. Our gross margins may not be comparable to other companies, since some entities include costs related to their distribution network in cost of goods sold and we exclude a portion of them from gross margin, including them in selling, general and administrative expenses.

Selling, general and administrative expenses, including the provision for bad debts, for the third quarter of fiscal year 2005 were $\$ 10.4$ million, or $17.8 \%$ of sales, compared to $\$ 8.9$ million, or $15.1 \%$ of sales for the same period in the prior year. The 270 basis point increase in selling, general and administrative expenses was primarily the result of increased general and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses increased primarily as a result of costs associated with the sale of our Edgefield facility during the quarter and increased incentive compensation costs resulting from the increase in the price of our common stock. In addition, distribution expenses increased primarily as a result of the startup costs associated with the new Clinton, Tennessee and Cranbury, New Jersey distribution facilities. We expect distribution costs to increase approximately $\$ 1.5$ million annually as a result of our New Jersey Distribution center. Selling, general and administrative expenses, including the provision for bad debts, for the first nine months of fiscal year 2005 were $\$ 26.9$ million, or $16.6 \%$ of sales, compared to $\$ 20.1$ million, or $14.9 \%$ of sales for the same period in the prior year. The increase as a percentage of sales primarily relates to the inclusion of the Soffe operations in our results for the full nine month period during fiscal year 2005. Selling costs as a percentage of net sales are higher in the Soffe segment primarily due to the additional staffing, higher commissions and increased advertising expenses associated with selling branded apparel products.

Other income for the first nine months of fiscal year 2005 was $\$ 3.6$ million compared to $\$ 29$ thousand for the first nine months of the prior year. On January 5, 2005, we completed the sale of our yarn manufacturing plant in Edgefield, South Carolina to Parkdale America, LLC for $\$ 10$ million in cash. The sale of the Edgefield Plant resulted in a pre-tax financial gain of $\$ 3.6$ million, or estimated after-tax gain of $\$ 0.26$ per diluted share (adjusted to reflect 2-for-1 stock split effective as of May 31, 2005).

Operating income for the third quarter of fiscal year 2005 increased to $\$ 8.0$ million, an increase of $\$ 2.4$ million, or $44.0 \%$, from $\$ 5.5$ million for the third quarter of the prior year. This increase was the result of the $\$ 3.6$ million gain on the sale of our yarn plant, partially offset by the higher selling, general and administrative expenses. Operating income for the first nine months of fiscal year 2005 was $\$ 13.8$ million, an increase of $\$ 6.4$ million, or $87.5 \%$, from $\$ 7.4$ million for the first nine months of the prior year. The increase in operating income for the nine months ended April 2, 2005 was primarily the result of the $\$ 3.6$ million gain on the sale of our yarn plant in our third fiscal quarter. In addition, the Soffe business was included in our operating results for the full nine months of fiscal year 2005. The prior year results included the operations of Soffe for six months, as M. J. Soffe Co. was acquired on October 3, 2003.

Net interest expense for the third quarter of fiscal year 2005 was $\$ 0.7$ million compared to $\$ 0.8$ million in the third quarter of the prior year. The decrease in interest expense resulted from lower debt levels, partially offset by higher interest rates. Interest expense for the first nine months of fiscal year 2005 was $\$ 2.2$ million, an increase of $\$ 0.4$ million, or $20.1 \%$, from $\$ 1.8$ million for the first nine months of the prior year. The higher debt levels in the first quarter of fiscal year 2005, as compared to the first quarter of fiscal year 2004, resulting from the acquisition of M. J. Soffe Co. on October 3, 2003, drove the higher interest expense.

Our effective income tax rate for the nine months ended April 2, 2005 was $30.7 \%$, compared to $32.4 \%$ for the fiscal year ended July 3, 2004. During the quarter ended April 2, 2005, we decided to permanently reinvest our foreign earnings in Honduras and therefore reversed a $\$ 0.7$ million tax liability associated with the foreign earnings, resulting in the lower effective tax rate during fiscal year 2005. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, we recorded a tax liability in the amount of approximately $\$ 0.9$ million with respect to our tax sharing agreement between Delta Woodside Industries, Inc. (our former parent company) and the Company. During the fiscal year ended July 3, 2004, we determined that it was no longer probable that a tax liability might occur as a result of this tax sharing agreement. Therefore, we reversed the $\$ 0.9$ million tax liability that had been created, resulting in the $32.4 \%$ effective tax rate during fiscal year 2004.

Net income for the third quarter of fiscal year 2005 was $\$ 5.4$ million, an increase of $\$ 1.6$ million, or $42.8 \%$, compared to $\$ 3.8$ million in the prior year third fiscal quarter. Net income for the first nine months of fiscal year 2005 was $\$ 8.0$ million, an increase of $\$ 3.7$ million, or $86.6 \%$, from net income of $\$ 4.3$ million for the first nine months of the prior year. The prior year results included the operations of Soffe for six months, as M. J. Soffe Co. was acquired on October 3, 2003.

Accounts receivable decreased $\$ 3.2$ million from July 3, 2004 to $\$ 35.4$ million on April 2, 2005. The decrease was primarily the result of lower sales during the quarter ended April 2, 2005 compared to the quarter ended July 3, 2004.

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Inventories at April 2, 2005 were $\$ 105.2$ million, consistent with the inventory at July 3, 2004. In the first six months of fiscal year 2005, we adjusted production schedules to manage our overall inventory levels. During the quarter ended April 2, 2005, we increased our manufacturing production in both the Delta and Soffe businesses. Although we are not yet at maximum capacity, we expect to continue to increase our production levels through fiscal year 2006. Although we expect to increase production over the next several quarters, we expect our inventory levels will trend downward as we improve our inventory utilization.

Capital expenditures in the third quarter of fiscal year 2005 were $\$ 3.5$ million compared to $\$ 0.3$ million in the third quarter of the prior year. Capital expenditures for the quarter ended April 2, 2005 primarily related to the opening of our two distribution facilities in Clinton, Tennessee and Cranbury, New Jersey. Capital expenditures in the first nine months of fiscal year 2005 totaled $\$ 9.0$ million compared to $\$ 1.3$ million in the first nine months of the prior year. The expenditures during fiscal year 2005 primarily related to the two new distribution centers, and $\$ 1.8$ million related to the Edgefield yarn spinning facility, in addition to increasing capacity and lowering costs in our existing facilities. The expenditures during fiscal year 2004 primarily related to increasing capacity and lowering costs in our existing textile facilities. Capital expenditures for fiscal year 2005 are expected to total approximately $\$ 10$ million, of which approximately $\$ 5$ million will be related to the new distribution centers. We expect to spend approximately $\$ 4$ million annually to continue increasing capacity and lowering costs in our existing facilities. In addition, we may spend additional capital in fiscal year 2006 expanding our distribution network and manufacturing operations.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our primary cash needs are for working capital and capital expenditures. In addition, we use cash to fund our dividend payments and share repurchases under our Stock Repurchase Program.

On October 3, 2003, we entered into an Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Wachovia Bank, N. A. (successor by merger to Congress Financial Corporation (Southern)), as lender and as agent for the financial institutions named as lenders, pursuant to which our existing line of credit (the "Delta Facility") was increased to $\$ 40$ million. On November 8, 2004, we amended the Delta Facility to increase our line of credit by an additional $\$ 2.75$ million to $\$ 42.75$ million. The purpose of the amendment was to provide funds for our acquisition of our Clinton, Tennessee distribution center. In conjunction with the sale of the yarn manufacturing plant, on January 6, 2005, we amended our Delta Facility to lower the Fixed Asset Loan Limit Amount from $\$ 10.0$ million to $\$ 5.0$ million.

Also on October 3, 2003, M. J. Soffe Co. entered into a Loan and Security Agreement with Wachovia Bank, N. A. (successor by merger to Congress Financial Corporation (Southern)), which provides M. J. Soffe Co. with a $\$ 38.5$ million line of credit (the "Soffe Facility"). Together, the Delta Facility and the Soffe Facility provide for lines of credit in an aggregate amount of $\$ 81.25$ million. The Delta Facility and the Soffe Facility are secured by a first priority lien on all of the assets of Delta Apparel and M. J. Soffe Co. Delta Apparel is a guarantor of the Soffe Facility, and M. J. Soffe Co. is a guarantor of the Delta Facility. M. J. Soffe Co. has the option to increase the Soffe Facility from $\$ 38.5$ million to $\$ 41.0$ million, provided that no event of default exists under the facility. The restricted net assets of M. J. Soffe Co. do not exceed $25 \%$ of the consolidated net assets as of July 3, 2004.

The Soffe Facility contains both a subjective acceleration clause and a lockbox arrangement, whereby remittances from customers reduce the current outstanding borrowings. Pursuant to Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") 95-22, we are classifying borrowings under the Soffe Facility as current debt. The Delta Facility contains a subjective acceleration clause and a "springing" lockbox arrangement (as defined in EITF 95-22), whereby remittances from customers are forwarded to our general bank account and do not reduce the outstanding debt until and unless a specified event or an event of default occurs. Pursuant to EITF 95-22, we are classifying borrowings under the Delta Facility as noncurrent debt.

All loans under the credit agreements bear interest at rates based on an adjusted LIBOR rate plus an applicable margin or a bank's prime rate plus an applicable margin. At April 2, 2005, we had $\$ 30.5$ million outstanding under our credit facilities at an average interest rate of 5.1\%.

In addition to the credit facilities with Wachovia Bank, N. A., we have a seller note payable to the former Soffe shareholders pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of October 3, 2003. At April 2, 2005, we had $\$ 5.6$ million outstanding under the note at an interest rate of $8.0 \%$.

During the quarter ended January 1, 2005, we paid the former Soffe shareholders $\$ 1.0$ million pursuant to the First Amendment to the Amended and Restated Stock Purchase Agreement and Agreement regarding Earnout Amounts for Bonus Year 2004. Additional amounts are payable to the former shareholders of M. J. Soffe if specified financial performance targets are met by M. J. Soffe Co. during annual periods beginning on September 28, 2004 and ending on September 30, 2006 (the "Earnout Amounts".) The Earnout Amounts are capped at a maximum aggregate amount of $\$ 4.0$ million per year and are payable five business days subsequent to the filing of the Form 10-Q for the first fiscal quarter of fiscal years 2006 and 2007. Based on current projections, we anticipate paying approximately $\$ 2.0$ million in Earnout Amount in November 2005. The decrease in the estimated Earnout Amount is based upon our current outlook for the twelve months ending October 1, 2005.

## Operating Cash Flows

Net cash provided by operating activities was $\$ 13.4$ million and $\$ 0.9$ million for the first nine months of fiscal years 2005 and 2004,

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respectively. Our cash flow from operating activities is primarily due to net income plus depreciation and changes in working capital. We monitor changes in working capital by analyzing our accounts receivable and inventories and by the amount of accounts payable. During fiscal year 2005, our cash flow provided by operating activities was primarily from net income plus depreciation and an increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses, offset partially by a decrease in other liabilities. Accounts payable and accrued expenses increased $\$ 9.9$ million during the nine months ended April 2, 2005, primarily as a result of the decision to terminate our non-qualified deferred compensation plans. This decision was made primarily as a result of the new restrictions put in place by the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004. As a result, we reclassified $\$ 6.2$ million of long-term deferred compensation liability to current accrued liabilities from other noncurrent liabilities. In addition, accounts payable increased primarily as a result of having longer terms for our yarn purchases compared to buying cotton for the Edgefield plant, which we sold in January 2005. We are also being more aggressive on terms with our other vendors. The cash provided by operating activities in fiscal year 2004 was primarily the result of net income plus depreciation, a decrease in noncurrent assets and an increase in income taxes, offset partially by increases in inventory and accounts receivable. In December 2003, we received a net $\$ 7.7$ million cash refund of federal taxes, resulting from a tax loss generated as a result of no value being allocated in the purchase price allocation to the property, plant and equipment of M. J. Soffe Co.

## Investing Cash Flows

During the nine months ended April 2, 2005, we used $\$ 9.0$ million in cash for capital expenditures and received $\$ 9.8$ million in proceeds for the sales of property, plant and equipment. The expenditures during fiscal year 2005 primarily related to the two new distribution centers, and $\$ 1.8$ million related to the Edgefield yarn spinning facility, in addition to increasing capacity and lowering costs in our existing facilities. The proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment primarily related to the sale of our Edgefield plant which we sold in January 2005. During the nine months ended March 27, 2004, investing activities used $\$ 52.6$ million in cash and principally represented the acquisition of M. J. Soffe Co. We spent $\$ 1.3$ million in capital expenditures during the first nine months of fiscal 2004, primarily related to increasing capacity and lowering costs in our textile facilities. Capital expenditures for fiscal year 2005 are expected to total approximately $\$ 10$ million, of which approximately $\$ 5$ million will be related to the new distribution centers. We expect to spend approximately $\$ 4$ million annually to continue increasing capacity and lowering costs in our existing facilities. In addition, we may spend additional capital in fiscal year 2006 expanding our distribution network and manufacturing operations.

## Financing Activities

For the first nine months of fiscal 2005 we used $\$ 14.4$ million in cash in financing activities, primarily related to the repayment of long-term debt. For the first nine months of fiscal 2004, financing activities provided $\$ 51.8$ million principally from our credit facilities and primarily related to the acquisition of M. J. Soffe Co. We paid dividends to our shareholders totaling $\$ 0.9$ million and $\$ 0.7$ million in the first nine months of fiscal years 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Based on our expectations, we believe that our $\$ 81.25$ million credit facilities should be sufficient to satisfy our foreseeable working capital needs, and that the cash flow generated by our operations and funds available under our credit facilities should be sufficient to service our debt payment requirements, to satisfy our day-to-day working capital needs, to fund our planned capital expenditures, to fund purchases of our stock as described below and to fund the payment of dividends as described below. Any material deterioration in our results of operations, however, may result in the Company losing its ability to borrow under its credit facilities and to issue letters of credit to suppliers or may cause the borrowing availability under the facilities to be insufficient for our needs.

## Purchases by Delta Apparel of its Own Shares

We have authorization from our Board of Directors to spend up to an aggregate of $\$ 6.0$ million for share repurchases under the Stock Repurchase Program. All purchases are made at the discretion of our management. We did not purchase shares of our common stock during the three months ended April $2,2005$. Since the inception of the Stock Repurchase Program, we have purchased 736,114 shares (adjusted to reflect the 2-for-1 stock split effective as of May 31, 2005) of our common stock pursuant to the program for an aggregate of $\$ 4.2$ million.

## Dividend Program

On January 20, 2005, our Board of Directors declared a cash dividend of seven cents per share of common stock (prior to adjustment to reflect the 2 -for-1 stock split effective as of May 31, 2005) pursuant to our quarterly dividend program. We paid the dividend on February 28,2005 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on February 16, 2005. On April 21, 2005, our Board declared a cash dividend of four cents per share of common stock payable after the stock split (eight cents per share of common stock prior to the 2 -for-1 stock split) on May 31, 2005 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on May 18, 2005. Although the Board may terminate or amend the program at any time, we currently expect to continue the quarterly dividend program.

## Stock Split

On April 21, 2005, the Board of Directors approved a 2-for-1 stock split of our common stock. On May 31, 2005, shareholders of record on May 18, 2005 will receive one additional share of common stock for each share held of record. All references in the financial statements with

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regard to the number of shares or average number of shares of common stock and related prices, dividends and per share amounts have been restated to reflect the 2 -for- 1 stock split.

## CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of our consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. We base our estimates and judgments on historical experience and various other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. The most significant estimates and assumptions relate to the adequacy of receivable and inventory reserves, selfinsurance accruals and the accounting for income taxes.

The detailed Summary of Significant Accounting Policies is included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for our fiscal year ended July 3, 2004. There have been no changes in our critical accounting policies since the filing of that Annual Report.

## Revenue Recognition and Accounts Receivable

We consider revenue realized or realizable and earned when the following criteria are met: persuasive evidence of an agreement exists, shipment has occurred, the price is fixed and determinable and the collectibility is reasonably assured. Sales are recorded net of discounts and provisions for estimated returns and allowances. We estimate returns and allowances on an ongoing basis by considering historical and current trends. We record these costs as a reduction to net sales and cost of sales. We estimate the net collectibility of our accounts receivable and establish an allowance for doubtful accounts based upon this assessment. Specifically, we analyze the aging of accounts receivable balances, historical bad debts, customer concentrations, customer creditworthiness, current economic trends and changes in customer payment terms. Significant changes in customer concentration or payment terms, deterioration of customer credit-worthiness or weakening in economic trends could have a significant impact on the collectibility of receivables and our operating results.

## Inventories

Our inventory is carried at the lower of FIFO cost or market. We regularly review inventory quantities on hand and record a provision for damaged, excess and out of style or otherwise obsolete inventory based primarily on our historical selling prices for these products and our estimated forecast of product demand for the next twelve months. If actual market conditions are less favorable than those projected, or if liquidation of the inventory is more difficult than anticipated, additional inventory write-downs may be required.

## Self Insurance

Our medical, prescription and dental care benefits are self-insured. Our self-insurance accruals are based on claims filed and estimates of claims incurred but not reported. We develop estimates of claims incurred but not reported based upon the historical time it takes for a claim to be reported and historical claim amounts. While the time it takes for a claim to be reported has been declining, if claims are greater than we originally estimate, or if costs increase beyond what we have anticipated, our recorded reserves may not be sufficient, and it could have a significant impact on our operating results.

## Income Taxes

We use the liability method of accounting for income taxes, which requires recognition of temporary differences between financial statement and income tax basis of assets and liabilities measured by enacted tax rates. We have recorded deferred tax assets for certain state operating loss carryforwards and nondeductible accruals. We established a valuation allowance related to certain of the state operating loss carryforward amounts in accordance with the provisions of FASB Statement No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. We continually review the adequacy of the valuation allowance and recognize the benefits of deferred tax assets if reassessment indicates that it is more likely than not that the deferred tax assets will be realized based on earnings forecasts in the respective tax locations.

## NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

On December 16, 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Statement No. 123 (revised 2004), Share-Based Payment, which is a revision of FASB Statement No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation. Statement $123 \circledR$ supersedes APB Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and amends FASB Statement No. 95, Statements of Cash Flows. Generally, the approach in Statement $123{ }^{\circledR}$ is similar to the approach described in Statement 123. However, Statement $123 ®$ requires all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, to be recognized in the income statement based on their fair values. Pro forma disclosure is no longer an alternative.

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Statement $123 ®$ must be adopted for annual periods beginning after June 15,2005 . Statement $123 ®$ applies to new awards and to awards modified, repurchased, or cancelled after the required effective date, as well as to the unvested portion of awards outstanding as of the required effective date ("modified prospective application"). We expect to adopt Statement $123 ®$ on July 3, 2005. We are currently evaluating the effect that the adoption of Statement $123 ®$ will have on our financial position and results of operations (see Note H).

In March 2005, the Securities and Exchange Commission released SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") No. 107, Share-Based Payment. SAB No. 107 provides the SEC staff's position regarding the implementation of Statement 123®. SAB No. 107 contains interpretive guidance related to the interaction between Statement $123 \circledR$ and certain SEC rules and regulations, as well as provides the staff's views regarding the valuation of share-based payment transactions. We are currently evaluating the effects that the adoption of SAB No. 107 will have on our financial position and will be incorporating it as part of our adoption of Statement $123{ }^{\circledR}$.

## ENVIRONMENTAL AND REGULATORY MATTERS

On May 27, 2002, we received a renewal of our National Pollution Discharge Elimination System ("NPDES") permit from the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Division of Water Quality ("DWQ") for our Maiden, North Carolina textile plant. Among other things, the new permit required us to reduce our effluent (waste discharge) color to specified color concentration limits. We believed that the DWQ exceeded its authority and acted arbitrarily in imposing the specific color concentration limitations within the new permit and, on July 23,2002 contested the permit by filing a petition with the North Carolina Office of Administrative Hearings. We have reached a settlement with the DWQ and have negotiated a permit modification. The permit modification became effective February 1, 2005.

The modified permit, as agreed by DWQ and us, provides that we will have approximately one year to research and test alternative color removal technologies and thereafter must select and implement a technology by October 2005 if we continue to require our NPDES discharge permit. In addition, we must continue to monitor our color removal and will be subject to a gradual lowering of our effluent color standard. We are currently in compliance with the effluent color standard that the permit requires as of October 2005. Our NPDES permit will be subject to renewal in the spring of 2006.

We are currently evaluating the future cost to comply with the modified permit. Although we do not believe that the cost to comply with the modified permit will be material to the financial condition of the Company, there can be no assurance of this.

## Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

## COMMODITY RISK SENSITIVITY

On January 5, 2005, in conjunction with the sale of our yarn spinning facility in Edgefield, South Carolina, we entered into a five-year agreement with Parkdale to supply our yarn requirements. During this five-year period, we will purchase from Parkdale all yarn required by Delta Apparel and our wholly owned subsidiary, M. J. Soffe Co., for use in our manufacturing operations (excluding yarns that Parkdale does not manufacture as of the date of the agreement in the ordinary course of its business and temporary Parkdale capacity restraints). The purchase price of yarn will be based upon the cost of cotton plus a fixed conversion cost. Thus, we are subject to the commodity risk of cotton prices and cotton price movements which could result in unfavorable yarn pricing for us. We fix the cotton prices as a component of the purchase price of yarn with Parkdale, pursuant to the supply agreement, in advance of the shipment of finished yarn from Parkdale. Prices are set according to prevailing prices, as reported by the New York Cotton Exchange, at the time we elect to fix specific cotton prices.

Yarn with respect to which we have fixed cotton prices at April 2, 2005 was valued at $\$ 28.2$ million, and is scheduled for delivery between April 2005 and December 2005. At April 2, 2005, a $10 \%$ decline in the market price of the cotton covered by our fixed price yarn would have had a negative impact of approximately $\$ 2.8$ million on the value of the yarn.

We may use derivatives, including cotton option contracts, to manage our exposure to movements in commodity prices. We do not designate our options as hedge instruments upon inception. Accordingly, we mark to market changes in the fair market value of the options as other expense (income) in the statements of income. We did not own any cotton options contracts on April 2, 2005.

## INTEREST RATE SENSITIVITY

Our credit agreements provide that outstanding amounts bear interest at variable rates. If the amount of outstanding indebtedness at April 2,2005 under the revolving credit facilities had been outstanding during the entire three months ended April 2, 2005 and the interest rate on this outstanding indebtedness were increased by 100 basis points, our interest expense would have increased by approximately $\$ 76,000$, or $11.2 \%$, during the quarter. This compares to an increase of $\$ 433,000$, or $9.3 \%$, for the 2004 fiscal year, or an average of $\$ 108,250$ per quarter, based on the outstanding indebtedness at July 3,2004 . The actual increase in interest expense resulting from a change in interest rates would depend on the magnitude of the increase in rates and the average principal balance outstanding.

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## Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we have evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of April 2, 2005, and, based on their evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that these controls and procedures were effective at the evaluation date. During our third fiscal quarter, there were no changes to our internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, that control.

Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

## Item 6. Exhibits

(a) Exhibits.
10.30* Delta Apparel, Inc. 2004 Non-Employee Director Stock Plan.
31.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

* We are filing Exhibit 10.30 to replace Exhibit 10.30 that we filed in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended January 1, 2005.


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## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DELTA APPAREL, INC.
(Registrant)

May 10, 2005
Date

By: /s/ Herbert M. Mueller
Herbert M. Mueller
Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

## DELTA APPAREL, INC. 2004 NON-EMPLOYEE DIRECTOR STOCK PLAN

1. Purpose. The purpose of the 2004 Non-Employee Director Stock Plan (the "Plan") is to include equity as a component of the compensation of nonemployee members of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Delta Apparel, Inc. (the "Company").
2. Effective Date and Term of Plan. Subject to approval of the shareholders of the Company in accordance with applicable law and securities exchange rules, the Plan shall be effective as of October 1, 2004 and shall remain in effect until the earlier of (a) the date the Plan is terminated by the Committee (as defined below); or (b) December 31, 2009.
3. Eligibility. Any member of the Board who is not an employee of the Company or any of its subsidiaries shall be eligible to receive an award under the Plan.
4. Administration. The Board, or if the Board so elects a committee of the Board (the "Committee") shall administer the Plan. Subject to the express provisions of this Plan, the Committee shall have the authority to do all things that it may deem necessary or desirable in connection with the administration of the Plan, including without limitation the authority (a) to establish, modify and revoke rules relating to the Plan; (b) to interpret the terms of the Plan, any rules under the Plan and the terms and conditions of any award under the Plan; (c) to approve the form and content of any documentation relating to awards under the Plan or Plan administration; and (d) consistent with the express provisions of the Plan, to approve, establish and amend (subject to the award recipient's consent except with respect to amendments pursuant to Section 8) the terms governing an award under the Plan. All determinations, interpretations and decisions made by the Committee under or with respect to the Plan and awards under the Plan shall be final, conclusive and binding on the Company, each eligible person, each Plan participant and any beneficiary of an award. No member of the Committee or the Board shall be liable for any action taken in good faith with respect to the Plan.
5. Shares Subject to Plan. Up to 25,000 shares of the common stock of the Company may be issued pursuant to awards under the Plan. In any fiscal year, awards may not be granted providing for the issue of more than 5,000 shares. In the event that any shares subject to an award are forfeited or otherwise fail to be issued prior to the forfeiture, cancellation or expiration of an award, such shares shall again be available for awards under the Plan.
6. Awards. The Committee shall determine which eligible individuals will receive awards under the Plan, the number of shares granted to each award recipient and the other terms and conditions, if any, of each award. No awards under the Plan shall be effective unless and until the Plan has been approved by the shareholders of the Company in accordance with applicable law and securities exchange rules.
7. Dividends; Shareholder Rights. An award of shares under the Plan shall not entitle a recipient to receive any dividends or any equivalent amounts prior to the actual issue of shares to the recipient. An award recipient shall not have any rights as a shareholder prior to the actual issue of shares to the recipient.
8. Adjustments. In the event of any stock dividend, stock split, combination or exchange of shares, merger, consolidation, spin-off or other distribution (other than normal cash dividends) of Company assets to shareholders or any other change affecting the common stock of the Company, the Committee may make such adjustments to any outstanding awards that the Committee, in its sole discretion, may deem appropriate to reflect such change. Unless the Committee determines otherwise, in the event of a stock split, reverse stock split or share dividend having the effect of a stock split, the number of shares of common stock issuable under the Plan and the number of shares of common stock for which awards may be granted in any fiscal year shall increase or decrease, as the case may be, in the same manner and proportion as the outstanding shares of common stock of the Company increase or decrease as a result of such stock split, reverse stock split or dividend.
9. Compliance with Applicable Laws. Notwithstanding any other provision in the Plan, the Company shall have no liability to issue any shares under the Plan unless such issuance would comply with all applicable laws, including without limitation the Securities Act of 1933, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and any applicable state securities laws, and all applicable requirements of any securities exchange or similar entity.
10. No Fractional Shares. If any award would result in the issue of fractional shares, cash shall be paid in lieu of the issue of such fractional shares.
11. Transferability. Awards under the Plan may not be sold, assigned, pledged, alienated or otherwise transferred or encumbered except by will, the laws of descent and distribution or pursuant to a domestic relations order entered by a court of competent jurisdiction.
12. Amendment; Termination. The Committee may amend or terminate the Plan at any time, provided that (a) no such amendment or termination shall affect the terms of any award previously granted under the Plan without the award recipient's consent and (b) no amendment that changes the class of individuals eligible to receive awards or, except as provided in Section 8, increases the total numbers of shares that
may be issued under the Plan or under awards granted within the same fiscal year shall be effective unless and until duly approved by the shareholders of the Company in accordance with applicable law and securities exchange rules.
13. Successors and Assigns. The Plan shall be binding on all successors and permitted assigns of an award recipient or eligible individual, including without limitation any such person's executor, personal representative, estate, trustee, receiver or trustee in bankruptcy or creditor representative.
14. No Right to Continued Service. Neither the Plan nor any award under the Plan shall be construed to grant any individual any right to continued service with the Company in any capacity.
15. Governing Law. The validity, interpretation and effect of the Plan, any instrument or document created in connection with the Plan and any actions taken with respect or relating to the Plan shall be determined in accordance with the laws of the State of Georgia, without the application of choice of law principles, and applicable U.S. federal law.

Executed on behalf of the Company effective as of October 1, 2004 on this $\qquad$ day of $\qquad$ , 2004.

DELTA APPAREL, INC.
By:
Martha M. Watson, Vice President

## CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Robert W. Humphreys, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Delta Apparel, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 10, 2005
/s/ Robert W. Humphreys

## CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Herbert M. Mueller, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Delta Apparel, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 10, 2005
/s/ Herbert M. Mueller
Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

## CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

For purposes of 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, Robert W. Humphreys, the Chief Executive Officer of Delta Apparel, Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certifies that to the best of his knowledge:

1. The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 2, 2005 of the Company, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 10, 2005
/s/ Robert W. Humphreys
Robert W. Humphreys
President \& Chief Executive Officer
A signed original of this written statement required by section 906 has been provided to Delta Apparel, Inc. and will be retained by Delta Apparel, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

## CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

For purposes of 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, Herbert M. Mueller, the Chief Financial Officer of Delta Apparel, Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certifies that to the best of his knowledge:

1. The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 2, 2005 of the Company, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 10, 2005
/s/ Herbert M. Mueller
Herbert M. Mueller
Vice President \& Chief Financial Officer
A signed original of this written statement required by section 906 has been provided to Delta Apparel, Inc. and will be retained by Delta Apparel, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

